

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier	
Trade name or designation of the mixture	Scan Spray Plus
Registration number	-
Synonyms	None.
SDS number	5225
Product code	500 511
Issue date	19-November-2015
Version number	1,0
Revision date	19-November-2015
Product use	Professional use
1.2. Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	For medical use Scanning spray for the digital dentistry, for intraoral use
Uses advised against	None known.
1.3. Details of the supplier of the	e safety data sheet
Company name	Dentaco GmbH & Co.KG
Address	Max-Keith-Str. 46
	45136 Essen, Germany
Telephone number	+ 49 (0) 201/ 8098290
Fax	+ 49 (0) 201/ 80982999
Homepage	www.dentaco.de ; info@dentaco.de
Homepage E-mail	www.dentaco.de ; info@dentaco.de HSE@rle.de

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Physical hazards Aerosols	Category 3	H229 - Pressurized container: May burst if heated.
2.2. Label elements		
Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended	
Hazard pictograms	None.	
Signal word	Warning	
Hazard statements		
H229	Pressurized container: May burst if heated.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention		
P210 P251	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and Do not pierce or burn, even after use.	other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.	
P262	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.	
Response		
P301 + P330 + P331 P310	IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.	
Storage		
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceed	ling 50°C/122°F.

Disposal	None.
Supplemental label information	10 % by mass of the contents are flammable. For professional use only. Keep out of the reach of children.
2.3. Other hazards	Based on the test data, the product is not classified as a flammable aerosol. The mixture contains no substance that fulfils the criteria of a PBT- or vPvB substance.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

General information

Chemical name		%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
1,1,1,2,3,3,3-Heptafluo	ropropane	40 - 60	431-89-0 207-079-2	01-2119485489-18-XXXX	-	
Classification:	Press. Gas	s;H280				
Ethanol		5 - < 15	64-17-5 200-578-6	01-2119457610-43-XXXX	603-002-00-5	Eye Irrit. 2 H319 , C >= 50.0%
Classification:	Flam. Liq.	2;H225, Eye I	rrit. 2;H319			
Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)		1 - < 5	14807-96-6 238-877-9	-	-	
Classification:	Acute Tox.	4;H332, STO	T SE 3;H335			
Naphtha (petroleum), h light	ydrotreated	0,1 - < 0,3	64742-49-0 265-151-9	-	649-328-00-1	Note P
Classification:	Asp. Tox.	1;H304, Muta.	1B;H340, Carc. 1	B;H350		

List of abbreviations and symbols that may be used above: Note: Regulation No. 1272/2008 - Annex VI

Composition comments The full text for all H-phrases is displayed in section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.
4.1. Description of first aid meas	sures
Inhalation	If symptoms develop move victim to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.
Skin contact	Wash off with soap and water. Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbites, in some cases with tissue damage. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Eye contact	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control centre.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Dizziness.
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General fire hazards	Not available.
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	Contents under pressure. Pressurised container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

Material name: Scan Spray Plus

Special fire fighting procedures	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, prote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8.
For emergency responders	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.
6.2. Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Use water spray to reduce vapours or divert vapour cloud drift. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
6.4. Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see section 8. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling	Pressurised container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).
7.3. Specific end use(s)	TRGS 510 storage class: 2B For medical use Scanning spray for the digital dentistry, for intraoral use

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Germany Componente	Turno	Value
Components	Туре	value
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1920 mg/m3
Comments:	15 minutes average value	
		1000 ppm
Comments:	15 minutes average value	
Germany. DFG MAK Li	st (advisory OELs). Commi	on for the Investigation of Health Hazards of Chemical Compounds
in the Work Area (DFG)	
Components	Туре	Value
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	960 mg/m3
		500 ppm
Germany - TRGS 900		
Material	Туре	Value
Scan Spray Plus	AGW	1500 mg/m3
Comments: Workplace exposu Sect. 2.9)		rding to RCP method for the hydrocarbon fraction (TRGS 900,
	STEL	3000 mg/m3
Comments:	Workplace exposure limit a Sect. 2.9)	rding to RCP method for the hydrocarbon fraction (TRGS 900,

Components	Туре	Value	
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1920 mg/m3	
Comments: 15 r	ninutes average value		
		1000 ppm	
Comments: 15 r	ninutes average value		
Germany. TRGS 900, Limit	Values in the Ambient Air at the Workplace)	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	AGW	960 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Silicon dioxide	AGW	4 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4) (CAS 14807-96-6)	AGW	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
		1,25 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	AGW	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
		1,25 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
ogical limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the i	naredient(s)	

Recommended monitoring

Follow standard monitoring procedures.

procedures

Derived no-effect level (DNEL) Value Components Туре Route Form Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Consumer 206 mg/kg/day Dermal Comments: Long term exposure systemic effects Inhalation 950 mg/m3 Comments: Short term exposure - local effects Inhalation 114 mg/m3 Comments: Long term exposure systemic effects Oral 87 mg/kg/day Comments: Long term exposure systemic effects Professional 343 mg/kg/day Dermal Comments: Long term exposure systemic effects Inhalation 950 mg/m3 Comments: Long term exposure systemic effects Inhalation 1900 mg/m3 Comments: Short term exposure - local effects Silicon dioxide Professional Inhalation 4 mg/m3 Comments: Long term exposure systemic effects Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Consumer Oral 700 mg/kg/day Comments: Long term exposure systemic effects Inhalation Industry 10 mg/m3 Comments: Long term Local effects Professional Inhalation 10 mg/m3 Comments: Long term Local effects Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs)

Components	Туре	Route	Value	Form
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	Not applicable	Oral	0,72 mg/g	
		Sediment	0,0036 mg/g	Fresh water
		Soil	0,00063 mg/g	
		STP	580 mg/l	
		Water	2,75 mg/l	Intermittent release
		Water	0,96 mg/l	Fresh water
		Water	0,79 mg/l	Seawater
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	Not applicable	Floor	100 mg/kg	
		Oral	1667 mg/kg	Feed (oral)
		Sediment	1000 mg/kg	Fresh water
		Sediment	100 mg/kg	Seawater
		STP	100 mg/l	
		Water	1 mg/l	Seawater

Components	Туре	Route	Value	Form
		Water	0,61 mg/l	Intermittent release
		Water	0,127 mg/l	Fresh water
8.2. Exposure controls				
Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.			
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment				
General information	Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.			
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side	e shields (or goggle	es).	
Skin protection				
- Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical re	esistant gloves.		
- Other	Wear suitable protective cloth	ning.		
Respiratory protection	In case of insufficient ventilati	on, wear suitable	respiratory equipme	ent.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal pro	tective clothing, w	hen necessary.	
Hygiene measures	When using do not smoke. A after handling the material an clothing and protective equipr	d before eating, dr	inking, and/or smok	
Environmental exposure controls	Environmental manager must	be informed of all	major releases.	

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Aerosol.
Form	Aerosol
Colour	Colourless.
Odour	Odourless.
Odour threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Not available.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Non flammable.
Upper/lower flammability or expl	osive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapour pressure	400 kPa
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Soluble
Solubility (other)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Explosive properties	Not available.
Oxidising properties	Not available.

9.2. Other information	
Heat of combustion	7,2 kJ/g
VOC (EU)	Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity	Not available.
10.2. Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong oxidising agents.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other hydrocarbon fragments.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information	Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.			
Information on likely route	Information on likely routes of exposure			
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.			
Skin contact	Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbites, in some cases with tissue damage.			
Eye contact	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.			
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed.			
Symptoms	Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. Exposed may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort.			

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Product	Species	Test results
Scan Spray Plus		
Acute		
Inhalation		
Dust		
		> 5 mg/l, 4 hours (calcd. ATE)
Components	Species	Test results
Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4) (CAS 14807	′-96-6)	
Acute		
Inhalation		
Liquid		
		11 mg/l, 4 hours (acc. CLP 3.1.2)
Dust		
		1,5 mg/l, 4 hours (acc.CLP 3.1.2)
Skin corrosion/irritation	Frostbite injuries due to contact with an activated co gasses released from a compressed gas container	mpressed gas container or with compressed
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin sensitisation	Not available.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	CAS 64742-49-0: Note P is applicable (contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (EINECS No 200-753-7), therefore no classification as mutagen	
Carcinogenicity	CAS 64742-49-0: Note P is applicable (contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (EINECS No 200-753-7), therefore no classification as carcinogen	
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria and	re not met.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria and	re not met.
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria a	re not met.
Mixture versus substance information	No information available.	
Other information	Not available.	

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.
12.2. Persistence and degradability	Not available.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	Not available.
Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Not available.
12.4. Mobility in soil	No data available.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	The mixture contains no substance that fulfils the criteria of a PBT- or vPvB substance.
12.6. Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this product.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Residual waste	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Do not re-use empty containers.
EU waste code	The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
	16 05 04 15 01 10
Disposal methods/information	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Special precautions	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

AD	R	
	14.1. UN number	UN3296
	14.2. UN proper shipping	HEPTAFLUOROPROPANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 227)
	name	
	14.3. Transport hazard class((es)
	Class	2
	Subsidiary risk	-
	Label(s)	2.2
	Hazard No. (ADR)	20
	Tunnel restriction code	C/E
	14.4. Packing group	Not applicable.
	Packaging instructions	P200
	14.5. Environmental hazards	No.
	14.6. Special precautions	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
	for user	
	Classification code	2A
	Special provisions	Not available.
ΙΑΤ	Α	
	14.1. UN number	UN3296
	14.2. UN proper shipping	Heptafluoropropane
	name	
	14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
	Class	2.2
	Subsidiary risk	-
	14.4. Packing group	Not applicable.
	Packaging instructions	200
	Packaging instructions	200
	cargo only	
	14.5. Environmental hazards	
	ERG Code	2L

14.6. Special precautions for user Other information	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.
Maximum net quantity packaging - Passenger	75 kg
and cargo aircraft	
Maximum net quantity packaging cargo only	150 kg
Maximum net quantity packaging - Limited quantity	Forbidden
Special provisions	Not available.
IMDG	
14.1. UN number	UN3296
14.2. UN proper shipping	HEPTAFLUOROPROPANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 227)
name	
14.3. Transport hazard class	s(es)
Class	2.2
Subsidiary risk	
14.4. Packing group	Not applicable.
14.5. Environmental hazards	3 3
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-C, S-V
14.6. Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	Not available.
14.7. Transport in bulk	Not available.
according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulations

Not applicable.

Restrictions on use

Directive 92/85/EEC: on the safety and health of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding, as amended

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

Other regulations	This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 2015/830.	
Other EU regulations 1,1,1,2,3,3,3-Heptafluoropropane (R-227ea), CAS No : 431-89-0 is exempted from the pr of mixtures containing fluorinated greenhouse gases in accordance with REGULATION (I 517/2014 as it is used for medical applications		
Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work, as amended		
Naphtha (petroleum), hy	vdrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	
VOC (EU):	Not applicable	
Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances		
Not applicable		
National regulations	tional regulations Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents.	

National regulations	i olow hallonal regulation for work with chemical agents.
Water hazard class	
VwVwS (According to Annex IV)	WGK2
15.2. Chemical safety assessment	No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations

AC: Article category.

acc., acc.to: according, according to.

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

AFNOR: French Institute for Standards (Association Française de Normalisation).

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways (Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures).

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road (Accord européen relatif transport des merchandises dangereuses par route).

AGW: Occupational threshold limit value (Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert - Germany).

AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.

ANSI: American National Standards Institute.

AOEL: Acceptable Operator Exposure Level.

AOX: adsorbable organic halogen compounds.

approx.: approximately.

ASTM: ASTM International.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate according to REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP).

BAM: Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany (Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung).

Maximum permissible concentration of biological working substances (BAT: Biologische Arbeitsstofftoleranzwerte).

BAuA: Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany (Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin).

BCF: Bio-concentration factor.

BET: Brunauer-Emmett-Teller.

BLV: Biological Limit Value.

BLV: Biological Limit Value (BGW: Biologischer Grenzwert, Austria).

BMGV: Biological Monitoring Guidance Value (EH40,UK).

BSI: British Standards Institution.

BS: British Standard.

BOD5: Biochemical oxygen demand within 5 days.

BOD: Biochemical oxygen demand.

bw: Body weight.

calcd.: calculated.

CAS: Chemical Abstract Service.

CEN: European Committee for Standardization (Comité Européen de Normalisation).

CESIO: European Committee on Organic Surfactants and their Intermediates (Comité Européen des Agents de Surface et de leurs Intermédiaires Organiques).

ChemRRV: Ordinance on the risk reduction related to chemical products (ChemRRV:

Chemikalien-Risikoreduktions-verordnung, Switzerland).

CLP: Classification, Labeling and Packaging REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures.

CMR: Substances classified as Carcinogenic, Mutagenic or toxic for Reproduction.

CNS: Central Nervous System.

CNT: Carbon nanotubes.

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand.

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment.

CSR: Chemical Safety Report.

DETEC: Swiss Federal Department of the Environment, Transport, Energy and Communications. DIN: German Standards Institute / German industrial norm (Deutsches Institut für Normung /

Deutsche Industrienorm).

DMEL: Derived Minimum Effect Level.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DOC: Dissolved organic carbon.

DPD: Directive 1999-45-EC / Dangerous Preparations Directive.

DSD: Directive 67/548-EC / Dangerous Substances Directive.

DSL: Canada, Domestic Substances List.

DU: Downstream User.

dw: dry weight.

e.g.: For example, for instance.

EBW: Exposure Based Waiving.

EC: European Community.

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%.

ECHA: European Chemical Agency.

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances.

EN: European norm.

ENCS: Japan, Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances.

EPA: United States Environmental Protection Agency.

ERC: Environmental release category.

ES: Exposure scenario. EUSES: European Union System for the Evaluation of Substances. EWC/EWL: European Waste Catalogue. GCL: General concentration limit. gen.: general. GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals. GLP: Good Laboratory Practice. GW/VL: Occupational exposure limit value. GW-kw: Occupational exposure limit value - short term. GW-M/VL-M: Occupational exposure limit value - "Ceiling". GWP: Global Warming Potential. HPV: High Production Volume Chemicals. HEPA: High Efficiency Particulate Air. IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer. IATA: International Air Transport Association. IBC: Intermediate Bulk Container. IBC Code: International Bulk Chemical (Code) (International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk). ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization. IC50: Inhibition Concentration 50%. IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China. IMDG Code: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code. IMO: International Maritime Organization. incl.: including, inclusive. ISO: International Standards Organization. IUCLID: International Uniform Chemical Information Database. IUPAC: International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry. KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory. LCA: Life Cycle Assessment. LC: Lethal Concentration. LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%. LCLo: Lowest published lethal concentration. LD50: Lethal Dose 50%. LEV: Local exhaust ventilation. LOAEL: Lowest observed adverse effect level. LOEC: Lowest observable effect concentration. LOEL: Lowest observable effect level. LPV: Low Production Volume Chemicals. LQ: Limited Quantities. Air Quality Control Regulation (LRV: Luftreinhalteverordnung, Switzerland). TLV-STEL: Threshold limit value - Short-term exposure limit / Technical reference concentration short-time value (TRK-Kzw = Technische Richtkonzentration - Kurzzeitwert). Maximum allowable workplace concentration - instantaneous value (MAK-Mow: Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentration – Momentanwert, Austria) Maximum allowable workplace concentration - daily mean value / Technical standard concentration - daily mean value (MAK-Tmw, TRK-Tmw : Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentration -Tagesmittelwert / TRK-Tmw = Technische Richtkonzentration – Tagesmittelwert, Austria). MAK: Threshold limit values Germany (Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentration - DFG). MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships. MTD: Maximum tolerated dose. MWCNT: Multi-walled carbon nanotubes. n.a.: not applicable. N/A: Not available. n.d.: not determined. NLP: No Longer Polymers. NDSL: Canada, Non-Domestic Substances List. NF: French Norm (See AFNOR). NFPA: National Fire Protection Association. NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health. NOAEC: No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration. NOAEL: No observed adverse effect level. NOEC: No observed effect concentration. NOEL: No observed effect level. NTP: National Toxicology Program. NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals. **ODP: Ozone Depletion Potential.** OECD: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit.

org.: organic. OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health Administration. PAH: Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons. PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic. PC: Product category. PE: Polyethylene. PEC: Predicted Environmental Concentration. PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit. PIC: Prior Informed Consent. PICCS: Philippines Inventory of Commercial Chemical Substances. PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration. POCP: Photochemical ozone creation potential (Photochemisches Ozonbildungspotenzial). POP: Persistent Organic Pollutant. PPORD: Product and Process Oriented Research and Development. PPE: Personal Protective Equipment. PROC: Process category. RA: Risk Assessment. RAR: Risk Assessment Report. RCRA: Resource Conservation Recovery Act. REACH: Registration, Evaluation and Authorization of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning Registration, Evaluation Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals). RID: Regulations concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by rail (Règlement International concernant le transport de marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer). RMM: Risk Management Measure. RTECS: Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances. QSAR: Quantitative Structure Activity Relation. SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act. SADT: Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature. SCL: Specific concentration limit. SEA: socio economic analysis. STEL: Short-term Exposure Limit. STP: Sewage treatment plant. SU: Sector of use. SVHC: Substance of Very High Concern. SWCNT: single-walled carbon nanotubes. ThOD: Theoretical oxygen demand. TOC: Total Organic Carbon. TLV: Threshold Limit Value. TRA: Targeted Risk Assessment. TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act. TWA: Time Weighted Average. UC: Use category. UDS: Use descriptor system. UEC: Use and exposure categories. UN: United Nations. UN RTDG: United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods. UVCB: Unknown or Variable Composition, Complex Reaction Products, and Biological Materials. Regulation on combustible liquids (VbF: Verordnung über brennbare Flüssigkeiten, Austria). Regulation of the Austria Minister for Labor and Social Affairs regarding health surveillance at the workplace (VGÜ = Verordnung des Bundesministers für Arbeit und Soziales über die Gesundheitsüberwachung am Arbeitsplatz). VOC: Volatile organic compounds. vPvB: very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative. WEL-TWA: Workplace Exposure Limit-Long term exposure limit (8-hour TWA(=time weighted average)reference period). WEL-STEL: Workplace Exposure Limit-Short term exposure limit (15-minute reference period). WoE: Weight of evidence. WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System. WHO: World Health Organization. wwt: wet weight. Not available. Based on the test data, the product is not classified as a flammable aerosol.

Full text of any H-statements not written out in full under Sections 2 to 15

Information on evaluation

method leading to the classification of mixture

References

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

	H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
	H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
	H332 Harmful if inhaled.
	H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
	H340 May cause genetic defects.
	H350 May cause cancer.
Revision information	None.
Training information	Follow training instructions when handling this material.
Disclaimer	The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the

product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.